

Analyzing the erogeneities and the defenses in the patient's verbal and paraverbal components (with the David Liberman Algorithm)

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The David Liberman algorithm (DLA) analyzes the discursive manifestations (preconscious) from the Freudian perspective of the erogeneities and defenses. The DLA takes in consideration three levels of discursive manifestations: narration, word and phrase, and have instruments to analyzes each one of them. To the phrases, the DLA have two grids, one for verbal and the other for paraverbal components. Through these grids we detect the effective erogeneities in the discourse and in the therapeutic link. The analysis of the phrases allows to infer concrete scenes that are displayed in the patient-therapist relationship. So, it is useful for the study of the transference-countertransference relationship, including the repertory of the analyst's interventions, as well as its "trees of clinical decisions".

The analysis of the phrases also allows to detect the dominant (repression, disavowal, foreclosure of the reality and the father's instance, foreclosure of the affect) and the secondary defenses (isolation, hysterical identification, etc.) and to differentiate if it is a normal or pathological, successful or failure. Therefore, it is an adequate instrument to research the clinical change in the session. We'll present examples of the exploration of the clinical change using our instrument of analysis of the verbal and paraverbal components.